	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6
Bush	5	15	7	9	7	0
Kalahari	5	7	1	0	1	0
Iraq	1	0	7	4	6	0
Saddam	0	1	6	4	0	4

Qn III. Consider the following T-D matrix defining 6 documents defined in terms of 4 keywords.

We decide to reduce the noise and dimensionality of this data through SVD analysis The SVD of this T-D matrix, according to MATLAB is: tf x ff x df^{T} where tf, ff and df are are given by:

			.4264)444 ·	-0).1969	7	0.881
	tf		.8122	1190	0	0.4928	7	0.288
).3790	5674	_(0.6652	3	0.303
).1222	8136	(0.5253	3	0.217
		0	0	0	0	0		23.33
ff		0	0	0	0	76	9.	0
		0	0	0)3	0 5.0		0
		0	0	3.27	0	0		0
0.0373	0.3549	93	0.429	.4237	7	0.6627	8	0.263
-0.2151	-0.2171	61	-0.30	0.6079	8	0.601	50	0.285
0.6460	-0 7138	62	0.11	0 1/24	18	0 10/	85	-0.03

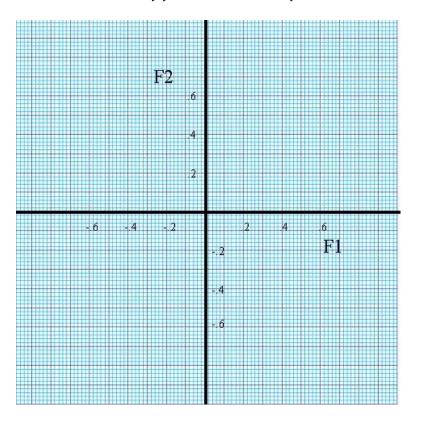
(1) [3pt] Suppose we are willing to sacrifice upto a maximum of 10% of the total variance in the data, then what is the least number of dimensions we need to keep? Explain how you arrived at your answer.

(2) [4pt] Suppose we decided to just keep top two most important dimensions after the LSI analysis. Draw a bounding box around the parts of **tf**, **ff** and **df** matrices <u>above</u> that will be retained after this decision. [You answer this question by directly marking the matrices above]



df

(3) [6pt] Suppose the two most important dimensions after LSI are called *f1* and *f2* respectively. Plot the six documents as points in the factor space (use the plot below). (It is okay if you put the points in the rough place they will come; no need to spoil your eyesight counting all the small grid lines). *Comment on the way the documents appear in the plot—is their placement related in any rational way to their similarity you would intuitively attach to them?*



(4) [5] What is the vector space similarity between D5 and D6 *before* and *after* the LSI transformation (assume, in the latter case, that we are using the top two dimensions). Is the change intuitively justified?

(5) Suppose I have the query q="Saddam". Compute the similarity of q to document D5 both in the original space and in the reduced 2-D LSI space. Comment on the results.

